Princess Vulnavia presents ... Cloud 9; Revision Raindrops

The Turning Point of a Parabola

Raindrop 2c: Exercise

2c(i) Express $5x^2 - 8x + 3$ in the form a $(x + p)^2 + q$ where a, p and q are constants to be determined.

(ii) Using the result from part (i), find the coordinates of the turning point of the parabola:

 $y = 5x^2 - 8x + 3$

The answerss follow on the next page ...

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Raindrop 2c: Exercise

2c(i) Express $5x^2 - 8x + 3$ in the form a $(x + p)^2 + q$ where a, p and q are constants to be determined.

<u>Answer</u>: $5x^2 - 8x + 3 \equiv 5(x - \frac{4}{5})^2 - \frac{1}{5}$

So, a = 5, p = $-\frac{4}{5}$ and q = $-\frac{1}{5}$.

2c(ii) Using the result from part (i), find the coordinates of the turning point of the parabola:

$$y = 5x^2 - 8x + 3$$

<u>Answer</u>: The coordinates of the turning point are $\{ \underline{4}, -\underline{1} \}$ 5 5

This turning point is a minimum.